



**REFOREST
OUR FUTURE**

**Tree and Shrub Species at the Forest Exploration Center & Native Tree Nursery
(updated 8/2026)**

<u>Box elder.....</u>	<u><i>Acer negundo</i></u>
<u>Red maple.....</u>	<u><i>Acer rubrum</i></u>
<u>Silver maple.....</u>	<u><i>Acer saccharinum</i></u>
<u>Yellow buckeye.....</u>	<u><i>Aesculus flava</i></u>
<u>Smooth alder.....</u>	<u><i>Alnus serrulata</i></u>
<u>River birch.....</u>	<u><i>Betula nigra</i></u>
<u>Beauty berry.....</u>	<u><i>Callicarpa americana</i></u>
<u>American hornbeam.....</u>	<u><i>Carpinus caroliniana</i></u>
<u>Button bush.....</u>	<u><i>Cephalantus occidentalis</i></u>
<u>Redbud.....</u>	<u><i>Cercis canadensis</i></u>
<u>Pignut hickory.....</u>	<u><i>Carya glabra</i></u>
<u>Northern catalpa.....</u>	<u><i>Catalpa speciosa</i></u>
<u>Silky dogwood.....</u>	<u><i>Cornus amomum</i></u>
<u>Washington hawthorn.....</u>	<u><i>Crataegus phaenopyrum</i></u>
<u>American persimmon.....</u>	<u><i>Diospyros virginiana</i></u>
<u>White ash.....</u>	<u><i>Fraxinus americana</i></u>
<u>Green ash.....</u>	<u><i>Fraxinus pensylvanica</i></u>
<u>Honey locust.....</u>	<u><i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i></u>
<u>Kentucky coffeetree.....</u>	<u><i>Gymnocladus dioicus</i></u>
<u>Wild hydrangea.....</u>	<u><i>Hydrangea arborescens</i></u>
<u>White walnut/butternut.....</u>	<u><i>Juglans cinerea</i></u>
<u>Black walnut.....</u>	<u><i>Juglans nigra</i></u>
<u>Virginian juniper (eastern red cedar).....</u>	<u><i>Juniperus virginiana</i></u>
<u>Black gum.....</u>	<u><i>Nyssa sylvatica</i></u>
<u>American sycamore.....</u>	<u><i>Plantus occidentalis</i></u>
<u>White pine.....</u>	<u><i>Pinus strobus</i></u>
<u>Chokecherry.....</u>	<u><i>Prunus virginiana</i></u>
<u>Common hoptree.....</u>	<u><i>Ptelea trifoliata</i></u>
<u>White oak.....</u>	<u><i>Quercus alba</i></u>
<u>Swamp white oak.....</u>	<u><i>Quercus bicolor</i></u>
<u>Chestnut oak.....</u>	<u><i>Quercus montana</i></u>
<u>Red oak.....</u>	<u><i>Quercus rubra</i></u>
<u>Black oak.....</u>	<u><i>Quercus velutina</i></u>
<u>Staghorn sumac.....</u>	<u><i>Rhus typhina</i></u>
<u>Black locust.....</u>	<u><i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i></u>
<u>Nannyberry.....</u>	<u><i>Viburnum lentago</i></u>

Perennials/herbaceous plants available at the Forest Exploration Center & Native Tree Nursery (updated 8/2026)

<u>White yarrow.....</u>	<u><i>Achillea millefolium</i></u>
<u>Spikenard.....</u>	<u><i>Aralia racemosa</i></u>
<u>Common milkweed.....</u>	<u><i>Aesclepias syriaca</i></u>
<u>Rose milkweed.....</u>	<u><i>Aesclepias incarnata</i></u>
<u>Purple coneflower.....</u>	<u><i>Echinacea purpurea</i></u>
<u>Swamp rose mallow.....</u>	<u><i>Hibiscus moscheutos</i></u>
<u>Bee balm (bergamot).....</u>	<u><i>Monarda fistulosa</i></u>
<u>Spotted bee balm.....</u>	<u><i>Monarda punctata</i></u>
<u>Large flower guarra.....</u>	<u><i>Oenothera filiformis</i></u>
<u>Showy beard tongue.....</u>	<u><i>Penstemon cobaea</i></u>
<u>Mountain mint.....</u>	<u><i>Pycnanthemum virginicum</i></u>
<u>Late figwort.....</u>	<u><i>Scrophularia marilandica</i></u>
<u>Wild senna.....</u>	<u><i>Senna hebecarpa</i></u>
<u>Ohio spiderwort.....</u>	<u><i>Tradescantia ohioensis</i></u>
<u>Tall ironweed.....</u>	<u><i>Veronica gigantea</i></u>
<u>Purple violets.....</u>	<u><i>Viola sororia</i></u>

References:

Little, E. L., Rayfield, S., & Buehl, O. (2005). *National Audubon Society Field Guide to North American trees. Eastern Region*. Knopf.

The Morton Arboretum. (2025). *Morton Arboretum Trees & Plants Database*.
<https://mortonarb.org/plant-and-protect/trees-and-plants/>